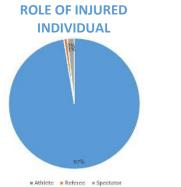


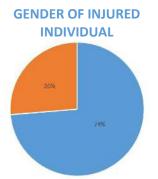
INJURIES REPORTED AT 12U-18U PROVINCIAL CHAMPIONSHIPS - 2023

As part of our commitment to safe sport, Volleyball BC is striving to minimise the risk of physical injury across all our activities. The Provincial Championships are the pinnacle of our indoor club competition and an opportunity for us to capture information about the physical health and safety of participants.

In 2023, over 410 teams competed in 3 weekend tournaments with 5145 athletes, 895 coaches, 210 referees, and thousands of spectators. We kept track of all injuries reported to the onsite first aid and physio providers so that we could build this snapshot of injuries that might occur at these type of events. This is what we learned...



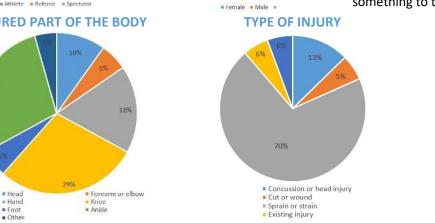
INJURED PART OF THE BODY



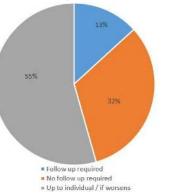


We had a total of 115 reported and treated visits to First Aid across the 3 weekends of Provincial Championships. The vast majority were Players and female which is unsurprising given the larger number of girls teams.

Most injuries related to the ankle or the knee, followed by the hand. Like in 2022, 70% of the reported injuries involved sprains or strains. We also had a number of players experiencing heat exhaustion at the 13/14U Championships due to the hot weather. This is something to take into consideration in future events.

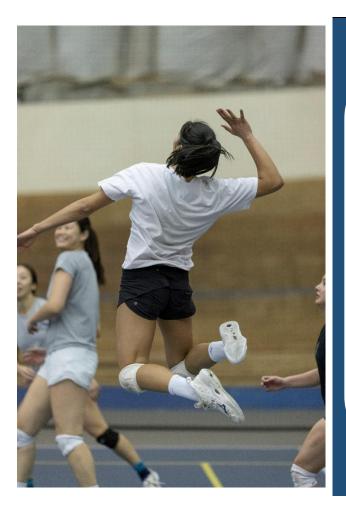


FOLLOW UP REQUIRED POST-EVENT



Medical follow-up was advised in 13% of the injuries or recommended if the condition worsens in over 50%. The results of our injury tracking at Provincial Championships closely align with the injury statistics seen across all volleyball. The BC Injury Research and Prevention Unit provide the following statistics about injuries in volleyball:

- Volleyball injuries can be both acute (sudden) and overuse in nature.
- Ankle sprains are the most common acute injury. Knee and shoulder injuries are the most common overuse injuries.
- Common mechanisms for injury in volleyball include contact with another player, often when a player lands on another player's foot after the execution of a jump.
- > Overall, injuries occur at a rate of 1.5-2 injuries for every 1,000 hours of play but 2-4 injuries for every 1,000 hours of match play. This is due to a higher intensity of activity during game play.
- > You are nine times more likely to have an ankle injury if you have ever had a previous ankle injury, and ten times more likely if your previous injury was within the past six months.
- Males have a 3 times higher risk of ankle injury, and a 3-4r times higher risk of jumper's knee.



USEFUL RESOURCES FOR PHYSICAL INJURY PREVENTION

- Active & Safe Factsheet on Volleyball Injuries and Prevention
- STOP Sport Injuries info on sport-specific injuries and prevention tools.
- Performance Health Info on volleyball injuries and treatment
- Parachute Canada Concussion Guide for <u>Athletes</u>
- Volleyball Canada Concussion Protocol

NEXT STEPS

As part of our <u>Safe Sport Action Plan</u>, we will be tracking the data we collect on physical injuries during VBC events and activities. This will allow us to:

- Identify and monitor any trends over time.
- > Review our events and activities for any adaptions or changes needed to minimise injuries.
- > Provide education and information to athletes, coaches, and referees about injury prevention.

For more information about our focus on making volleyball safer, click here.